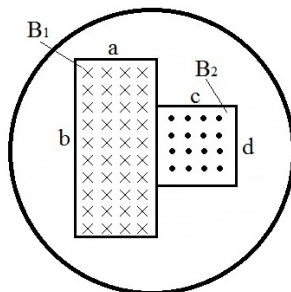


PHYS 212 Homework Assignment

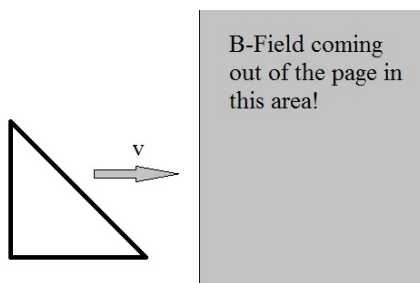
Chapter 13

Problem 1 What is the magnetic flux through the loop shown below? The loop had a radius of R , inside the loop are two areas of magnetic field (B_1 and B_2) with side lengths of a , b , c and d .

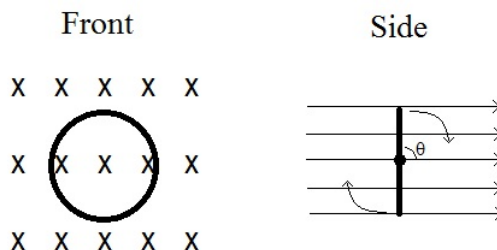


Problem 2 The triangular loop below (with width w and height h) is moving to the right with a constant speed v towards a region of magnetic field strength B coming out of the page. The loop has a resistance of R and first enters the loop at time $t = 0$.

- (a) Find an expression for the magnetic flux through the loop in terms of t . Only consider between the time it first enters the magnetic field and when it is fully within the shaded area.
- (b) Find an expression for the induced current around the loop, which direction will it be in?

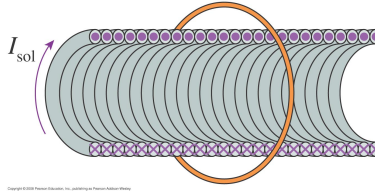


Problem 3 A loop of radius r and resistance R is placed in a constant uniform magnetic field of magnitude B pointing along the horizontal. The loop is placed such that at time $t = 0$ the loop is vertical ($\theta = 90^\circ$). If the loop spins about its center at an angular frequency of ω , what is the induced current through the loop as a function of time?



Problem 4 The solenoid below has a radius of 2.0 cm, 10 loops/cm. A loop of resistance $R = 2\ \Omega$ is placed around the solenoid with a radius of 5.0 cm. The current through the solenoid is given by $i(t) = 5t^2 - 3$ A.

- (a) What is the magnitude of the magnetic field from the solenoid at the location of the loop?
- (b) What is the induced electric field at the loop?
- (c) What is the induced current through the loop?



Problem 5 A square loop of wire with dimensions $L \times L$ lies in the xy plane, moving along the x -direction with a speed v . A magnetic field B points up (in the z -direction) in the positive x half-plane, but points down (in the $-z$ -direction) in the negative x half-plane. Find the induced emf as the loop moves from one region to the next.

Problem 6 A vertically oriented loop of wire rotates about its diameter with a period of T . A constant magnetic field points to the right. At $t = 0$, the loop is oriented such that its magnetic flux is zero. What is the induced emf as a function of time? Then, find the direction of the induced emf at

- (a) $t = 0$,
- (b) $t = T/4$,
- (c) $t = T/2$,
- (d) $t = 3T/4$,
- (e) $t = T$.