

Math 5071 - Problem Set 1

- (1) c = price of a computer (\$)
 p = price of a printer (\$)

$$\boxed{\$6,400 = 6c + 2p}$$

- (2) r = radius of Earth
 S = surface area of Earth
 V = volume of Earth

$$\boxed{r = \frac{3V}{S}}$$

- (3) x = a number

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 + 4x = 50 \\ -6 \quad -6 \end{array}$$

$$4x = 44 \quad \boxed{x = 11}$$

- (4) $(2b + 4c)^a$

$$\begin{array}{l} a = 3 \\ b = 5 \\ c = -2 \end{array}$$

$$(2 \cdot 5 + 4 \cdot -2)^3 = (10 + -8)^3 = 2^3 = \boxed{8}$$

- (5) $\frac{ab}{cd}$

- (6) $(2x - 7y) + (-4x - 2y)$

$$= 2x - 4x + -7y - 2y$$

$$\boxed{= -2x - 9y}$$

- (7) $4x^2 + (x + x^2)(-2) - 3x - 5x^2 - 8x^2 - 13x(-2) + 34x$

$$\boxed{= -8x^2 + 19x - 23}$$

- (8) $2(3p + 4q - 2r) + 3(-3p - 2q + r)$

$$= 6p + 8q - 4r - 9p - 6q + 3r$$

$$\boxed{= -3p + 2q - r}$$

- (9) $\boxed{5xy - 6x + 3y}$

- (10) $a(-4b + 2c) - 3ac + 10(ab + ac)$

$$= -4ab + 2ac - 3ac + 10ab + 10ac$$

$$\boxed{= 6ab + 9ac}$$

- (11) $(2y - x)(2y - x)(2y - x)(2y - x)$

- (12) $(2x)^6$

- (13) $(-5r^5s^{-8}) \cdot (-8r^2s^2) \cdot (-4r^5s^{15})$

$$\boxed{= -160r^4s^9}$$

- (14) $\frac{5fg^{52}}{f^{-5}g^{32}} = \boxed{5f^6g^{20}}$

- (15) $\frac{m^6(n^{-40})^3}{(n^2)^{-39}m^{-2}} = \frac{m^6n^{-120}}{n^{-78}m^{-2}}$

$$= m^8n^{-42} = \boxed{\frac{m^8}{n^{42}}}$$

- (16) $-x^2(x^2 - 6x + 5) = \boxed{-x^4 + 6x^3 - 5x^2}$

- (17) $mn^2(2m^2 - mn - n^2) = \boxed{2m^3n^2 - m^2n^3 - mn^4}$

- (18) $(2x + 9)(5x + 1)$ FOIL

$$10x^2 + 2x + 45x + 9 = \boxed{10x^2 + 47x + 9}$$

- (19) $(a - b)^2 = (a - b)(a - b)$ FOIL

$$a^2 - ab - ab + b^2 = \boxed{a^2 - 2ab + b^2}$$

- (20) $(a^2 - ab + b^2)(a + b)$

	a^2	$-ab$	$+b^2$
a	a^3	$-a^2b$	$+ab^2$
b	$+a^2b$	$-ab^2$	$+b^3$

$$= a^3 - \cancel{a^2b} + \cancel{a^2b} - \cancel{ab^2} + \cancel{ab^2} + b^3$$

$$\boxed{= a^3 + b^3}$$

PS1 continued

(21) $(2x^4 + 5x^2 + 6x - 1) \div (x+1) = \boxed{2x^3 - x^2 + 6x \text{ R } -1}$
 or $\boxed{2x^3 - x^2 + 6x \frac{-1}{x+1}}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x+1 \overline{) 2x^4 + 0x^3 + 5x^2 + 6x - 1} \\ \underline{-(2x^4 + x^3)} \\ 0 - x^3 + 5x^2 \\ \underline{-(-x^3 - x^2)} \\ 0 + 6x^2 + 6x \\ \underline{-(6x^2 + 6x)} \\ 0 + 0 - 1 \text{ remainder} \end{array}$$

(22) $12x^3 - 13x^2 - 23x + 24 \div 4x - 4 = \boxed{3x^2 - \frac{1}{4}x - 6}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x-4 \overline{) 12x^3 - 13x^2 - 23x + 24} \\ \underline{-(12x^3 - 12x^2)} \\ 0 - x^2 - 23x \\ \underline{-(-x^2 + x)} \\ 0 - 24x + 24 \\ \underline{-(-24x + 24)} \\ 0 + 0 \text{ R } 0 \end{array}$$

(23) $\frac{-x^4 + 7x^3 + 4x^2 - 6x - 8}{x-1}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x-1 \overline{) -x^4 + 7x^3 + 4x^2 - 6x - 8} \\ \underline{-(-x^4 + x^3)} \\ 0 + 6x^3 + 4x^2 \\ \underline{-(6x^3 - 6x^2)} \\ 0 + 10x^2 - 6x \\ \underline{-(10x^2 - 10x)} \\ 0 + 4x - 8 \\ \underline{-(4x - 4)} \\ 0 - 4 \leftarrow \text{remainder} \end{array}$$

$$= -x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 4 \text{ R } -4 \text{ or } \frac{-x^3 + 6x^2 + 10x + 4}{x-1} \frac{-4}{x-1}$$

(24) $\frac{(x^6 - 1) \div (x^2 - 1)}{x^4 + x^2 + 1}$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2+0x-1 \overline{) x^6 + 0x^5 + 0x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^2 + 0x - 1} \\ \underline{-(x^6 + 0x^5 - x^4)} \\ 0 + 0 + x^4 + 0x^3 + 0x^2 \\ \underline{-(x^4 + 0x^3 - x^2)} \\ 0 + 0 + x^2 + 0x - 1 \\ \underline{-(x^2 + 0x - 1)} \\ 0 0 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{= x^4 + x^2 + 1}$$