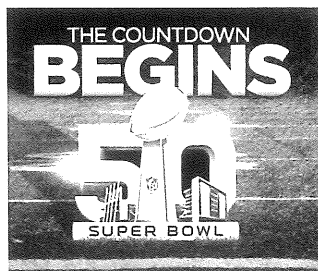


Math 141
Quiz 3-
February 1, 2016



name Pete Zaria

10:10 class
section 1

SET UP the definite integral(s) to find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the region bounded by the graphs of $y = 2x - x^2$, $y = x$ about the x -axis using vertical rectangles.

WASHER

$$R(x) = 2x - x^2$$

$$r(x) = x$$

limits:

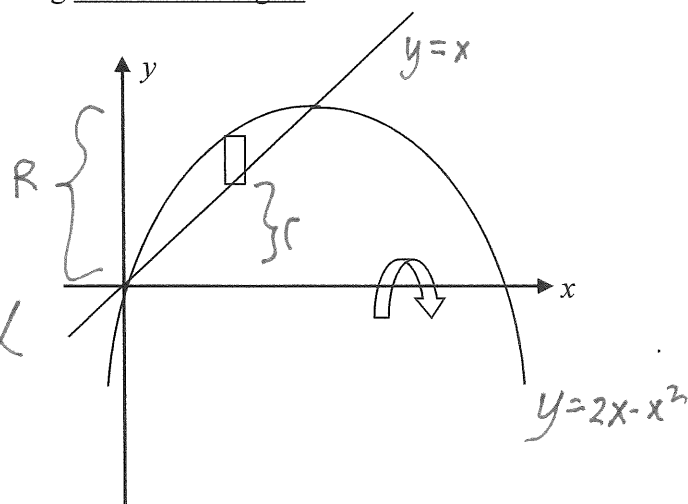
$$2x - x^2 = x$$

$$x^2 - x = 0$$

$$x(x-1) = 0$$

$$x = 0, 1$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^1 [(2x - x^2)^2 - (x)^2] dx$$



SET UP the definite integral(s) to find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by the graphs of $x = y^2$ and $x = y + 2$ about the line $y = 2$, using horizontal rectangles.

SHELL

$$h(y) = y + 2 - y^2$$

$$p(y) = 2 - y$$

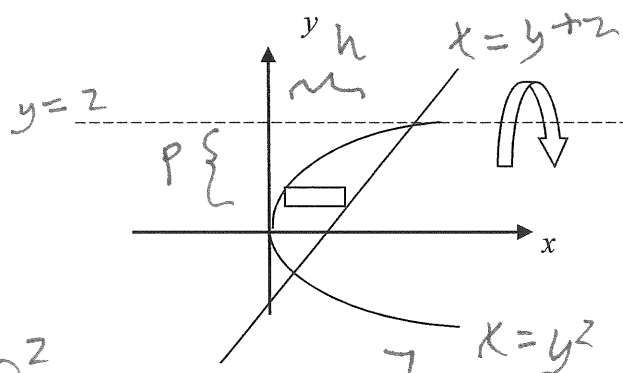
$$\text{limits: } y + 2 = y^2$$

$$y^2 - y - 2 = 0$$

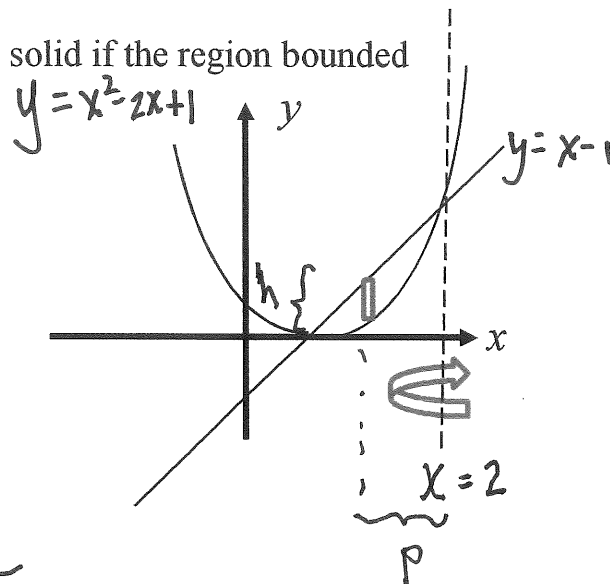
$$(y-2)(y+1) = 0$$

$$y = 2, -1$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_{-1}^2 [(2-y)(y+2-y^2)] dy$$



SET UP the definite integral(s) to find the volume of the solid if the region bounded by $y = x - 1$ and $y = x^2 - 2x + 1$ are rotated about the line $x = 2$ using vertical rectangles.



Shell

$$p(x) = 2 - x$$

$$h(x) = (x - 1) - (x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

limits:

$$x^2 - 2x + 1 = x - 1$$

$$x^2 - 3x + 2 = 0$$

$$(x - 2)(x - 1) = 0$$

$$x = 2, 1$$

$$V = 2\pi \int_1^2 (2 - x) [(x - 1) - (x^2 - 2x + 1)] dx$$

SET UP the integral to find the volume of the solid generated by rotating the region bounded by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x - 2}$, $x = 1$, $y = 0$, and $y = 3$ about the y -axis using horizontal rectangles.

WASHER

$$R(y) = y^2 + 2$$

$$r(y) = 1$$

$$V = \pi \int_0^3 [(y^2 + 2)^2 - (1)^2] dy$$

