

HW6 Solutions:

1. $f(x) = |x|$. Evaluate $f(-2)$ and $f(1)$. Find the domain and range.

$$\bullet f(-2) = |-2| = 2$$

$$\bullet f(1) = |1| = 1$$

$$\bullet D = (-\infty, \infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

$$\bullet R = [0, \infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 0\}$$

2. $f(x) = (x-1)^2$. Evaluate $f(-2)$, $f(1)$, $f(2a)$, and $f(x^3)$.

Find the domain and range of f .

$$\bullet f(-2) = (-2-1)^2 = 9$$

$$\bullet f(1) = (1-1)^2 = 0$$

$$\bullet f(2a) = (2a-1)^2 = 4a^2 - 4a + 1$$

$$\bullet f(x^3) = (x^3-1)^2 = x^6 - 2x^3 + 1$$

$$\bullet D = (-\infty, \infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

$$\bullet R = [0, \infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 0\}$$

3. $g(x) = \frac{x}{|x|}$. Evaluate $g(-2)$, $g(1)$, $g(2a)$, and $g(x^2)$.

Find the domain and range of g .

$$\bullet g(-2) = \frac{-2}{|-2|} = -1$$

$$\bullet g(2a) = \frac{2a}{|2a|} = \text{sign of } 2a$$

$$\bullet g(1) = \frac{1}{|1|} = 1$$

$$\bullet g(x^2) = \frac{x^2}{|x^2|} = 1$$

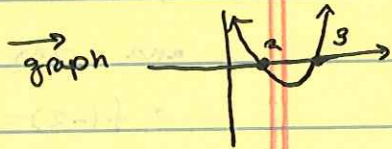
$$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty) = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \neq 0\}$$

$$R = \{-1, 1\}$$

4. Find the domain $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 6}}{x}$

$$x \neq 0 \text{ and } (x^2 - 5x + 6) \geq 0$$

$$(x-2)(x-3) \geq 0$$



→ test: $(0-2)(0-3) \geq 0$ true!

$$\text{so, } x \neq 0, \quad x \leq 2, \quad x \geq 3.$$

$$(4-2)(4-3) \geq 0 \text{ true!}$$

$$(2.5-2)(2.5-3) < 0. \text{ No.}$$

Interval notation:

$$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, 2) \cup (3, \infty)$$

Set notation: $D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq 2 \text{ or } x \geq 3 \text{ and } x \neq 0\}$

3.2.13 (a) The function is increasing from $(-\infty, -4)$
and from $(2, 5)$

(b) The function is decreasing from $(-4, 2)$

(c) The function is never constant

3.2.18

- There is no relative minimum
- " " "
- There is only one maximum at $x = 0$.
- ~~There~~ The value at the maximum is 3.

3.2.25 Odd (symmetric about the origin)

$$3.2.27 \quad g(-x) = (-x)^5 - (-x)^2 = -x^5 - x^2 \neq -f(x) \\ \neq f(x)$$

So it's ~~neither~~ neither.

$$3.2.29 \quad F(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 4}{x} \quad \begin{array}{l} \leftarrow \text{even} \\ \leftarrow \text{odd} \end{array} = \underline{\text{odd!}}$$

3.2.31

a.) $D = (-8, \square]$

b.) $R = [-5, 3]$

c.) Increasing: $(-8, -6), (-2, 1), (4, 7)$

Decreasing: $(-6, -2), (7, 9)$

Constant: $(1, 4)$

d.) • at $x = -2$, minimum at -5

e.) • at $x = -6$ and $x = 7$

• values $\rightarrow 3, 2$

f.) $(-15/2, 0), (-4, 0), (5, 0), (9, 0)$

g.) $(0, -3)$

h.) $(-8, -15/2] \cup [-4, 5] \cup [9, 9]$

i.) \square

j.) $f(2) = 7$

$$f(x) = \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a} = \frac{f(x) - f(a)}{x - a}$$

8.2.8

$$f(x) = (x-1)^2$$

$$f'(x) = 2(x-1)$$

$$(f, f), (1, 0), (2, 1)$$

$$(f, f), (1, 0), (2, 1)$$

$$x=1, f=0, x=2, f=1$$

$$f(x) = x^2, f'(x) = 2x$$

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