

**MATH 231: Calculus of Several Variables**  
**Section 1, 107 Ag Sc & Ind Bldg,**  
**TR 9:05 AM - 9:55 AM**

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**Homework 22:** Due Tuesday, December 3

Note: This homework will be worth 5 points. Think of this as a mini-review packet. Please check back to examples in the notes and previous homework assignments if you get stuck. As always, you can email me if you have questions.

**Functions of Several Variables**

1. Find and sketch (i) the domain and (ii) the range of the following functions.

(a)  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{2x - y}$

(b)  $f(x, y) = \frac{\sqrt{y - x^2}}{1 - x^2}$

2. Sketch the level curves of the following function

$$f(x, y) = x^3 - y$$

**Limits and Continuity**

3. Find the limit or justify why it does not exist.

(a)

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x^3 y}{x^6 + y^2}$$

(b)

$$\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{xy}{\sqrt{xy + 1} - 1}$$

**Partial Derivatives**

4. Find the indicated partial derivative for the function.

(a)  $f(x, y) = \sin(2x + 3y)$ ;  $f_{yyx}$

(b)  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{1 + xy^3}$ ;  $f_{yxx}$

**Directional Derivatives & Gradients**

5. Find the directional derivative of  $f(x, y) = \sqrt{xy + 1}$  at  $(2, 4)$  in the direction of  $\vec{v} = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$ .
6. Find the maximum rate of change of  $f(x, y) = yx^2$  at the given point and the direction in which it occurs at  $(1, 1)$ .

### Tangent Planes and Linear Approximations

7. Find the tangent plane of the following function at the point  $(3, 1, 0)$

$$f(x, y) = \ln(x - 2y)$$

8. Given that a function  $f$  is differentiable at the point  $(1, 1)$ , estimate the value of  $f(0.8, 1.3)$  for the given information
  - $f(1, 1) = 12$
  - $f_x(1, 1) = 100$
  - $f_y(1, 1) = -40$

### Chain Rule

9. Find  $\partial z / \partial t$  and  $\partial z / \partial s$  for the following functions:

(a)  $z = xy^2 + x, x = 10st, y = 2t + s$

(b)  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}, x = se^t, y = te^s$

### Maximum and Minimum Values

10. Find the critical points for the following functions. Classify each point as a local max, local min, or saddle point (when possible).
  - (a)  $f(x, y) = (x - y)(1 - xy)$
  - (b)  $f(x, y) = xy - x^2y - xy^2$
11. Find the absolute maximum(s) and minimum(s) for the following functions over the given domain  $D$ .
  - (a)  $f(x, y) = 4x + 6y - x^2 - y^2, D = \{(x, y) \mid 0 \leq x \leq 4, 0 \leq y \leq 5\}$
  - (b)  $f(x, y) = x^3 - 3x - y^3 + 12y, D = \{(x, y) \mid -2 \leq x \leq 2, -2 \leq y \leq 3\}$